### Activity Ideas Dig & Discover – Ankylosaurus & Tyrannosaurus rex YD1227

Many children are fascinated by these ancient giants. Some will be experts already, while others might recognise Tyrannosaurus rex, but not yet be familiar with ankylosaurus. Getting hands-on with tactile dinosaur skeletons as they dig them up and piece them together allows children to imagine themselves as real fossil hunters and opens up many avenues for discussion and investigation.

# Dig in!

Yellow DOOR

Engage children's curiosity in the Dinosaur pieces:

- Bury them in sand, soil or mud for children to uncover themselves.
   What can they see on the pieces? What do they feel like? Does it look
   like part of an animal they know? You could also bury other dinosaur themed items to engage their interest, such as Yellow Door's Dinosaur Footprint Stones, Prehistoric Teeth or any dinosaur figures.



- Place them in a water tray, perhaps under a thin layer of sand, for children to find. You could even use slime to create a dinosaur swamp.
- Small spades and garden forks will be useful for carefully uncovering the pieces, and brushes will help clear any remaining sand or soil. Magnifying glasses will help children examine what they have discovered.
- Offer placement mats showing either a photo or a silhouette of the complete dinosaur, to help children piece the skeletons together these are available to download from <u>www.yellow-door.net/free-resources</u>.
   Comparing the shape and size of the pieces and rotating them to match the sheets will help develop children's spatial awareness.
- Talk about the parts of the dinosaurs' bodies that the children find can they see a head, tail or legs? This will encourage them to think critically about how the pieces go together correctly. Is the skeleton complete or is there a piece still to find?
- To help children see the fine detail of the skeletons, encourage them to use the pieces to make imprints in dough.

# Dinosaur detectives

Use the stones to build on children's knowledge of dinosaurs and their world:



• When the children have pieced together two different skeletons, talk about what is the same and what is



different. Which has a bigger head? Do they have the same number of feet? Does one of them have horns and plates? Can you see any teeth? What shapes are their tails – how are they different?

• Do the children recognise either of the dinosaurs? Offer pictures of the same dinosaurs to help children identify them. Encourage children to listen to others as they share their existing knowledge of ankylosaurus and Tyrannosaurus rex.

- What else would the children like to find out about these dinosaurs? Research the answers together in books, on a child-friendly website or with video clips maybe the children want to know what they ate, what sort of place they lived in, whether they were a predator or prey, or how fast they could run.
- Offer the pieces as part of a dinosaur investigation table, alongside books, illustrations, notebooks and dinosaur figures.
- Ankylosaurus had armour similar to a crocodile's. You might like to look at pictures of an ankylosaurus and a crocodile, and compare the size and shape of their armour. Can the children design some protective armour for a soft toy based on the ankylosaurus?
- The 'rex' in Tyrannosaurs' name means 'king'. How do the children think Tyrannosaurus rex might have been the 'king' of the dinosaurs? This discussion may lead into shared storytelling about the king of the dinosaurs and what the other dinosaurs had to do for him or even for the queen of the dinosaurs, as the female Tyrannosaurus was larger!
- Tyrannosaurus rex also had a fantastic sense of smell use this as inspiration for sensory experience involving smell, such as blind testing to identify different odours. What are the children's favourite smells? Which other animals have an excellent sense of smell? You could even invite a dog owner to show the children how good their dog's nose is at sniffing out treats!

## Palaeontologist play

Allowing the children to be the experts is empowering for them, and dinosaurs are a rich source of inspiration for role play:

• To help children get into role as palaeontologists, provide sun hats, spades, sieves, buckets, magnifying glasses, brushes, soapy water, clipboards, a digital camera and even a tent.



- Create an outdoor dig for them to work in by taping off an area with the Stones hidden in sand, soil or mud (alongside other remains such as Fossils or Prehistoric Teeth). Encourage children to brush off any loose sand or soil, then sort and arrange the skeletons in a suitable tray.
- Use your discoveries to create a dinosaur museum together. Talk about what should go in the museum, such as model dinosaurs, information posters, photos, display signs, labels, name badges or lanyards, and the assembled skeletons, of course. Model how to be a visitor to the museum and ask the curators about their exhibits. Invite colleagues, family members and carers into your setting so that children can share their knowledge and expertise.

## Dinosaur fact file

#### Ankylosaurus:

- Had a large club on its tail
- Had armour like a crocodile's
- Length: 6m, weight: 4000kg
- Herbivore

#### Tyrannosaurus rex:

- Had an amazing sense of smell
- Its bite was tremendously powerful

   the strongest of any land animal
   that has ever lived
- The female Tyrannosaurus rex was bigger than the male
- Length: 13m, weight: 7000kg
- Carnivore

#### Get talking – useful words

Prehistoric, dinosaur, skeleton, bone(s), fossil, extinct, sort, examine, compare, similarities, differences, different from, similar to, carnivore, herbivore, predator, prey, hunt, spine, spike, plate, horn, claw, flipper, tooth, teeth, sharp, blunt, curved, flat, palaeontologist, museum, curator, exhibit

### Books about dinosaurs

Book of Dinosaurs by Gabrielle Balkan and Sam Brewster

Bone, Bones, Dinosaur Bones by Byron Barton

Whose Dinosaur Bones Are Those? by Chihiro Takeuchi

The Girl and the Dinosaur by Hollie Hughe

Mary Anning by Maria Isabel Sanchez Vegara and Popy Matigot